COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICTS COUNTY SERVICE AREA No. 70 ZONE S-3

REPORT ON AUDIT

JUNE 30, 2009

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

ROBERT B. MEMORY, C.P.A. (1945-2009) OF COUNCIL JAY H. ZERCHER, C. P.A.

Board of Supervisors
County of San Bernardino
County of San Bernardino Special
District County Service Area
No. 70 - Zone S-3

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

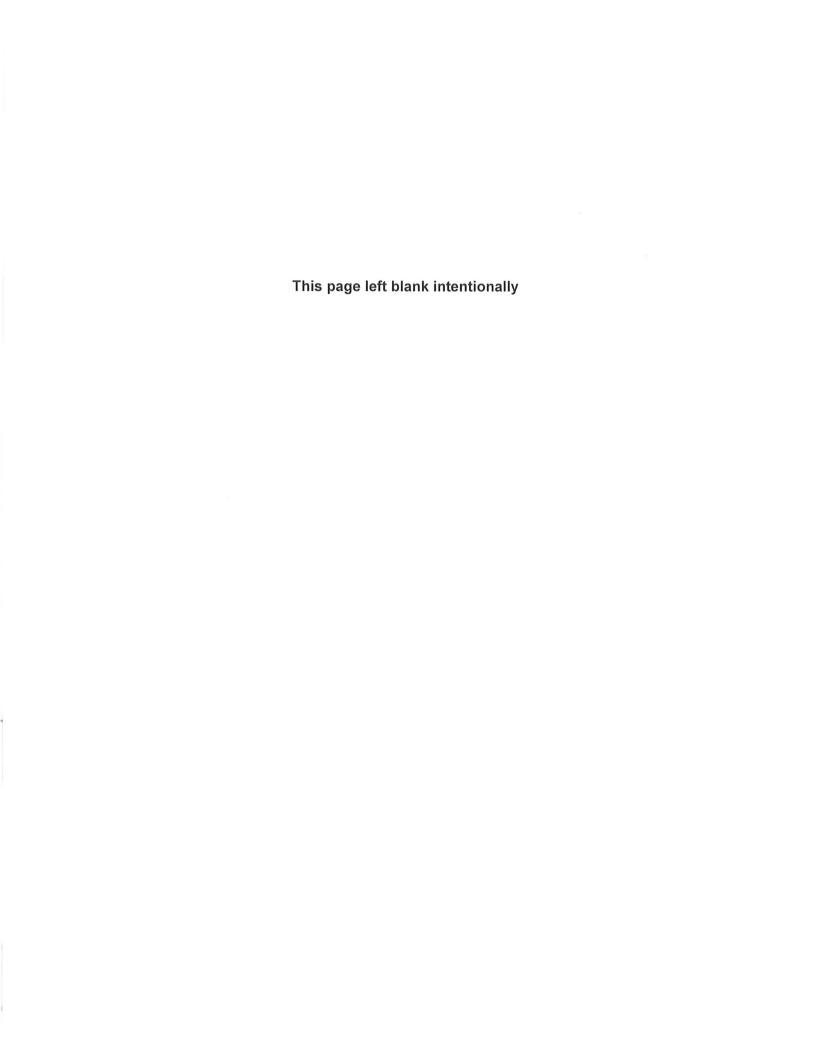
We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 70 - Zone S-3 (CSA), a component unit of the County of San Bernardino, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the CSA's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirement for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 70 - Zone S-3, as of June 30, 2009, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts.

The County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 70 - Zone S-3 has not presented the *Management's Discussion and Analysis* that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of, the basic financial statements.

Rogers, Anderson, Malod & Scott, LLP November 15, 2009



County of San Bernardino Special Districts County Service Area No. 70 - Zone S-3 Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Taxes receivable Interest receivable Total Current Assets	\$ 535,227 134,495 1,282 2,741 673,745
Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets: Utility plant in-service Structures and improvements to structures Vehicles Equipment Accumulated depreciation Total Noncurrent Assets	3,394,459 290,374 14,385 71,452 (2,399,109) 1,371,561
Total Assets	2,045,306
Current liabilities: Due to other governments Total Current Liabilities Total Liabilities	115 115
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets Unrestricted	1,371,561 673,630
Total Net Assets	\$ 2,045,191

County of San Bernardino Special Districts County Service Area No. 70 - Zone S-3 Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

OPERATING REVENUES	
Sanitation services	\$ 475,019
Total Operating Revenues	475,019
OPERATING EXPENSES	0.1.000
Professional services	31,902
Salaries and benefits	391,431
Services and supplies	114,167
Utilities	21,036
Depreciation	 94,838
Total Operating Expenses	 653,374
Operating (Loss)	 (178,355)
NONOPERATING REVENUES	
Investment earnings	18,540
Property taxes	857
Special assessments	33,072
Penalties	15,155
Intergovernmental Other	74,877
	 3,513
Total Nonoperating Revenues	 146,014
Change in Net Assets	(32,341)
Net Assets - beginning	 2,077,532
Net Assets - ending	\$ 2,045,191

County of San Bernardino Special Districts County Service Area No. 70 - Zone S-3 Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Net Cash (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ 449,394 (166,990) (391,431) (109,027)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Property taxes Special assessments Penalties Intergovernmental Other nonoperating revenues Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	 (425) 33,072 15,155 74,877 3,513 126,192
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment earnings Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	20,871 20,871
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	38,036
Cash and Cash Equivalents - beginning of the year	 497,191
Cash and Cash Equivalents - end of the year	\$ 535,227
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash (used for) operating activities: Operating (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash (used for) operating activities:	\$ (178,355)
Depreciation expense	94,838
Change in assets and liabilities: Increase in accounts receivable, net Increase in due to other governments	 (25,625) 115
Net Cash (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ (109,027)

County of San Bernardino Special Districts County Service Area No. 70 - Zone S-3 Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,827
Total Assets	\$ 2,827
LIABILITIES Due to bondholders	\$ 2,827
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,827

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting entity

The County Service Area (CSA) No. 70 - Zone S-3 was established by an act of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Bernardino (the County) on December 2, 1974 under Section 4700 of the State Health & Safety Code to provide sanitation services to residents in the Lytle Creek Community and the U.S. Forest Service. The CSA 70 - Zone S-3 currently provides service to 793 Equivalent Dwelling Units (EDUs).

The CSA is a component unit of the County of San Bernardino and is governed by the actions of the County Board of Supervisors.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the accounts of the County Service Area No. 70 - Zone S-3 of the County of San Bernardino and are not intended to present the financial position of the County taken as a whole.

Because the CSA meets the reporting entity criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the CSA's financial statements have also been included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County as a "component unit" for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The CSA's financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Property taxes are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds includes the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Deposits and investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (e.g., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (e.g., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

No allowance for uncollectibles was recorded at June 30, 2009 based on management's expectation that all accounts receivable will be collected through the property tax roll.

Property taxes

Secured property taxes are levied in two equal installments, November 1 and February 1. They become delinquent with penalties on December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date is January 1 of each year. Unsecured property taxes are due on March 1st and become delinquent with penalties on August 31st.

Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories, if any, are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment are reported in the financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (for improvements to land and structures and equipment) and have an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Structures with an initial cost of \$100,000 are considered capital assets. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Utility plant	5 - 40
Structures and improvements	5 - 40
Equipment and vehicles	4 - 15

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Stewardship, compliance and accountability

A. Budgetary information

Although the District prepares and adopts an annual budget, budgetary information is not presented because the District is not legally required to adopt a budget.

NOTE 2: CASH AND DEPOSITS

Cash and cash equivalents includes the cash balance of monies deposited with the County Treasurer which are pooled and invested for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Interest earned on pooled investments is deposited to the District's account based upon the District's average daily deposit balance during the allocation period. Cash and cash equivalents are shown at the fair value as of June 30, 2009.

See the County of San Bernardino's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for details of their investment policy and disclosures related to investment credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and custodial credit risk, as required by GASB Statement No. 40.

NOTE 3: ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

At June 30, 2009, the accounts receivable was composed of the following:

Accounts receivable	\$ 134,495
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	_
Total accounts receivable, net	\$ 134,495

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital assets:				
Utility plant in-service	\$ 3,394,459	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,394,459
Structures and improvements to				
structures	290,374	-	-	290,374
Vehicles	14,385	-	-	14,385
Equipment	71,452	_	_	71,452
Total capital assets	3,770,670	_	-	3,770,670
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Utility plant in-service Structures and improvements to	(2,083,298)	(84,795)	-	(2,168,093)
structures	(153,724)	(6,453)	-	(160,177)
Vehicles	(12,786)	(1,598)	-	(14,384)
Equipment	(54,463)	(1,992)		(56,455)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,304,271)	(94,838)		(2,399,109)
	•			
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,466,399</u>	\$ (94,838)	\$ -	\$ 1,371,561

NOTE 5: REFUNDING OF 1915 ACT BONDS

On June 30, 1994, the County's Assessment District No. 94-2 issued a Limited Obligation Refunding Bond (the Assessment Bond) under the provisions of the Refunding Act of 1984 for 1915 Improvement Act Bonds for the purpose of refunding eleven prior series of assessment district bonds of the County. The prior series assessment bonds of Assessment District No. 82-1 amounting to \$345,000 were refunded. The Assessment Bond is payable from reassessment payments, collected on assessed parcels within Assessment District No. 94-2, of which Assessment District No. 82-1 is a subarea. Exhibit "D" shows the cash and cash equivalents in Assessment District No. 82-1 reserve funds at June 30, 2009.

The CSA has no obligation to advance funds to pay debt service on the Assessment Bond in the event collections are insufficient. However, the CSA may, at its option and in its sole discretion, elect to advance available surplus funds of the CSA in the amount of any delinquent payments to pay debt service on the Assessment Bond.

NOTE 6: RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association (SBCERA) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (the Plan) operating under the California County Employees' Retirement Act of 1937 (1937 Act). It provides retirement, death, and disability benefits to members. Although legally established as a single employer plan, the City of Big Bear Lake, California State Association of Counties, South Coast Air Quality Management District (AQMD), San Bernardino Associated Governments (SANBAG), Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO), San Bernardino County Law Library, Barstow Fire Protection District. Hesperia Parks and Recreation, San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association (SBCERA), City of Chino Hills, Crest Forest Fire District, Mojave Desert Air Quality Management District (MDAQMD), California Electronic Recording Transaction Authority (CERTNA), Inland Valley Development Agency (IVDA), San Bernardino International Airport Authority (SBIAA), and the Superior Courts were later included, along with the County of San Bernardino (the County), and are collectively referred to as the "Participating Members." The plan is governed by the San Bernardino Board of Retirement under the 1937 Act. Employees become eligible for membership on their first day of regular employment and become fully vested after 5 years. SBCERA issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained by contacting the Board of Retirement, 348 W Hospitality Lane - 3rd floor, San Bernardino, California 92415-0014.

Fiduciary Responsibility

SBCERA is controlled by its own board, the Retirement Board, which acts as a fiduciary agent for the accounting and control of member and employee contributions and investment income. SBCERA publishes its own Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and receives a separate independent audit. SBCERA is also a legally separate entity from the County and not a component unit. For these reasons, the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report excludes SBCERA pension trust fund as of June 30, 2009.

NOTE 6: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

2009

\$

Funding Policy

Participating members are required by statute (Sections 31621, 31621.6 and 31639.25 of the California Government Code) to contribute a percentage of covered salary based on certain actuarial assumptions and their age at entry to the Plan. Employee contribution rates vary according to age and classification (general or safety). General members are required to contribute 7.68% - 12.96% and safety members 9.85% - 15.29% of their annual covered salaries, of which the County pays approximately 7%. County of San Bernardino employer contribution rates are as follows: County General 11.25%, County Safety 24.46%. All employers combined are required to contribute 13.95% of the current year covered payroll. For 2009, the County's annual pension cost of \$200,300,000 was equal to the County's required and actual contributions. Employee contribution rates are established and may be amended pursuant to Articles 6 and 6.8 of the 1937 Act. Employer rates are determined pursuant to Section 31453 of the 1937 Act.

The County's annual pension cost and prepaid asset, computed in accordance with GASB 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, for the year ended June 30, 2009, were as follows (in thousands):

Annual Required Contribution (County fiscal year basis)	\$ 200,300
Interest on Pension Assets	(7,834)
Adjustment to the Annual Required Contribution	51,805
Annual Pension Cost	244,271
Annual Contributions Made	200,300
Increase/(Decrease) in Pension Assets	(43,971)
Pension Assets, Beginning of Year	813,716
Pension Assets, End of Year	\$ 769,745

The following table shows the County's required contributions and percentage contributed for the current year and two preceding years:

Annual Contributions Made

\$

200,300

100%

Year Ended June 30,	SBCERA	v	County	Percentage Contributed
2007 2008	\$ 239,857 241,721	\$	194,130 203,712	100% 100%

246,232

NOTE 6: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

The County, along with the AQMD, issued Pension Refunding Bonds (the Bonds) in November 1995 with an aggregate amount of \$420,527,000. These Bonds were issued to allow the County and the AQMD to refinance each of their unfunded accrued actuarial liabilities with respect to retirement benefits for their respective employees. The Bonds are the obligations of the employers participating in the Plan, and the assets of the Plan do not secure the Bonds. The County's portion of the bond issuance was \$386,266,000. The outstanding liability at June 30, 2009 is \$430,784,000.

On June 24, 2004, the County issued its County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 A (Fixed Rate Bonds), its County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 B (Auction Rate Bonds), and its County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 C (Index Bonds) in respective aggregate principal amounts of \$189,070,000, \$149,825,000 and \$125,000,000. The Bonds were issued to finance the County's share of the unfunded accrued actuarial liability of the SBCERA. In April 2008, the County refunded all of the 2004 Series B. The outstanding liability at June 30, 2009 is \$301,595,000.

In April 2008, the County of San Bernardino issued its \$160,900,000 in Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds (POB), Series 2008 (the Series 2008 Bonds). The outstanding liability at June 30, 2009 is \$158,889,000.

NOTE 7: FEDERAL AND STATE GRANTS

From time to time the CSA may receive funds from various Federal and State agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantors cannot be determined at this time, although the CSA expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County has self-insurance programs for public liability, property damage, unemployment insurance, employee dental insurance, hospital and medical malpractice liability, and workers' compensation claims. Public liability claims are self-insured for up to \$2 million per occurrence. Excess insurance coverage over the Self-Insured Retention (SIR) up to \$50 million is provided through a Risk Pool Agreement with California State Association of Counties (CSAC) Excess Insurance Authority (EIA) Liability Program II. Workers' compensation claims are self-insured up to \$5 million per occurrence, and covered by Arch Ins. Co. for up to \$3 million for employer's liability, and up to statutory limits for workers' compensation per occurrence. Property damage claims are insured on an occurrence basis over a \$25 thousand deductible, and insured with several insurers like Lexington Ins. Co., Affiliated FM, and Lloyd's of London, among others.

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The County supplements its self-insurance for medical malpractice claims with Zurich Ins. Co., which provides annual coverage on a per claim basis with an SIR of \$2 million for each claim. Maximum coverage under the policy is \$25 million in limits per claim provided by Illinois Union Ins. Co.

All public officials and County employees are insured under a blanket Comprehensive Disappearance, Destruction, and Dishonesty policy covering County monies and securities, with National Union Fire Ins. Co. of Pittsburgh with a \$100 thousand deductible, and excess limits up to \$10 million per occurrence.

The activities related to such programs are accounted for in Risk Management except for unemployment insurance, and employee dental insurance, which are accounted for in the General Fund. The IBNR (Incurred But Not Reported) and IBNS (Incurred But Not Settled) liabilities stated on Risk Management's balance sheet are based upon the results of actuarial studies, and include amounts for allocated and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. The liabilities for these claims are reported using a discounted rate of 2.75%. It is the Risk Management's practice to obtain actuarial studies on an annual basis.

The total claims liability of \$149.9 million reported at June 30, 2009 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the claims liability amount in fiscal years 2008 and 2009 were:

		ginning of	Cla	rent Year ims and				
	Fi	scal Year	Cl	hanges		Claims	End	d of Fiscal
	I	_iability	in E	stimates	F	ayments	Yea	ar Liability
Fiscal Year	(in t	housands)	(in th	nousands)	(in	thousands)	(in t	housands)
2007-08	\$	129,683	\$	51,702	\$	(32,064)	\$	149,321
2008-09	\$	149,321	\$	32,909	\$	(32,289)	\$	149,941

NOTE 9: CONTINGENCIES

As of June 30, 2009, in the opinion of the CSA Administration, there are no outstanding matters, which would have a significant effect on the financial position of the CSA.